1.0 EVALUATION SCOPE
Compliance with the following codes:
- 2021, 2018, and 2015 International Building Code® (IBC)
- 2021, 2018, and 2015 International Residential Code® (IRC)

For evaluation for compliance with codes adopted by Los Angeles Department of Building and Safety (LADBS), see ESR-4634 LABC and LARC Supplement.

Properties evaluated:
- Structural
- Durability
- Surface-burning characteristics

2.0 USES
EXACOR™ Nominal ¾-inch (20 mm) thick magnesium-oxide sheathing panels are intended for use as interior structural floor sheathing. The panels are suitable for use in Type III and V construction.

3.0 DESCRIPTION
3.1 General:
EXACOR™ panels are nominally ¾ inch (20 mm actual) thick magnesium-oxide sheets reinforced with multiple embedded fiberglass mesh layers. The panels have a smooth-side and a rough-side. The panels are available with square or profiled edges in the long direction of the panel. The panels are available in nominal 4-foot (1.22 m) widths at a nominal length of 8 feet (2.44 m).

3.2 Surface-burning Characteristics:
EXACOR™ panels achieve a Class A surface burning classification in accordance with 2021, 2018 IBC Section 803.1.2 or 2015 IBC Section 803.1.1.

4.0 DESIGN AND INSTALLATION
4.1 Design:
4.1.1 Single Floor Application: For use of EXACOR™ panels in single floor applications, installation shall be in accordance with Section 4.2.1 of this report. See Table 1 for allowable uniform floor loads.

4.1.1.1 Floor Diaphragm Application: When installed in accordance with Section 4.2.2 of this report, EXACOR™ panels may be used as part of a simple beam diaphragm assembly. See Table 2 for diaphragm lateral load capacities. When used as part of a diaphragm assembly, the panels are limited to Seismic Design Categories A, B and C.

4.1.1.2 Diaphragm design must comply with the applicable requirements of IBC Chapter 16. The length to width aspect ratio must be no greater than 3:1.

4.1.1.3 Diaphragm lateral load capacities are applicable when the lateral load is applied parallel or perpendicular to the framing members as indicated in Table 2.

4.1.1.4 Diaphragm classification as flexible or rigid must be determined in accordance with Section 12.3.1 of ASCE 7.

4.1.1.5 Simple beam diaphragm deflection with loading parallel to the framing must be calculated as follows:

\[
\Delta = \left( \frac{5vL^3}{8EAW} \right) + \left( \frac{0.25vL}{Ga} \right)
\]

Where:
- \(\Delta\) = Total diaphragm deflection (in)
- \(v\) = Unit Shear parallel or perpendicular (?) to the framing (plf)
- \(L\) = Diaphragm Length parallel or perpendicular to the direction of applied load (ft)
- \(W\) = Diaphragm width parallel or perpendicular to the direction of the applied load (ft)
- \(A\) = 5.25 in² (Minimum area of diaphragm chord member)
4.2.1 Single Floor Construction:

For load application parallel to joists (see Figure 1):

\[ E = 2000000 \text{ psi (Modulus of Elasticity diaphragm chord member)} \]

For load application perpendicular to joists (see Figure 2):

\[ E = 1800000 \text{ psi (Modulus of Elasticity diaphragm chord member)} \]

4.2 Installation:

4.2.1 Single Floor Construction:

EXACOR™ single floor panels must be installed with the smooth finish side up on minimum nominal 2-by-4 lumber joists, having a specific gravity of 0.42 or greater. Joists shall be spaced no more than 24 inches (609.6 mm) on center. Square edges must be located over framing members. EXACOR™ subflooring panel edges that are not supported by a tongue and groove profile shall be supported in accordance with 2021 and 2018 IBC Table 2304.8(3) footnote C (2015 IBC Table 2304.8(3) footnote d). Panels shall be fastened to framing using 0.113 inch x 2 inch (2.9 mm x 50.8 mm) galvanized ring shank nails spaced 6 inches (152.4 mm) on center around the perimeter with a 1/2 inch (12.7 mm) edge distance and 12 inches (304.8 mm) on center in the field of the panel. No fastener shall be within 2 inches (50.4 mm) of a panel corner.

Sheathing used at the ends of diaphragm assemblies resisting lateral loads perpendicular to framing shall have a minimum width of 24 inches (609.6 mm).

5.0 CONDITIONS OF USE

5.1 EXACOR™ sheathing panels must be installed in accordance with this report and the manufacturer’s published installation instructions. In the event of a conflict between this report and the manufacturer’s published installation instructions, this report governs.

5.2 Support framing shall be designed for a maximum allowable assembly deflection of L/360 under live loads for ceilings supported by floor framing.

5.3 Fasteners and metal components in contact with EXACOR™ sheathing panels shall be inherently resistant to corrosion, coated for corrosion resistance or permanently separated by a non-metallic material.

5.4 EXACOR™ sheathing panels used in single floor applications shall either have tongue-and-groove edges or shall be installed with edges supported by blocking or covered with one of the materials described in footnote c of 2021 and 2018 IBC Table 2304.8(3) (footnote d of 2015 IBC Table 2304.8(3)), or footnote j of IRC Table R503.2.1.1(1) as applicable.

5.5 Calculations and details showing that the applied gravity and uplift loads do not exceed the applicable uniform load capacity, and that the applied diaphragm loads do not exceed the available diaphragm strengths specified in this report, must be submitted to the code official for approval. The calculations must be prepared by a registered design professional where required by the statutes of the jurisdiction in which the project is to be constructed.

5.6 Use of EXACOR™ sheathing panels in fire-resistance-rated construction is outside the scope of this report.

5.7 EXACOR™ sheathing must not be used in applications where exposed to the weather such as breezeways, balconies, or similar applications and must not be used in wet areas as defined in IBC Section 2509.

5.8 Use of EXACOR™ flooring panels in construction types I or II has not been evaluated and is outside the scope of this report.

5.9 Use of EXACOR™ subfloor panels with metal framing is outside the scope of this report.

5.10 EXACOR™ sheathing panels may not be used in single span applications and may not be cut to a width less than 24 inches (609.6 mm).

5.11 EXACOR™ sheathing panels are manufactured under a quality-control program with inspections by ICC-ES.

6.0 EVIDENCE SUBMITTED

6.1 Data in accordance with the ICC-ES Acceptance Criteria for Fiber-reinforced Magnesium-oxide-based Sheets (AC386), dated February 2021 (Editorially Revised August 2021).

6.2 Data in accordance with the ICC-ES Acceptance Criteria for Reinforced Cementitious Sheets Used as
Wall and Ceiling Sheathing and Floor Underlayment (AC376), dated August 2012 (Editorially revised January 2021).

6.3 Data in accordance with the ICC-ES Acceptance Criteria for Fiber-Reinforced Cement Sheet Structural Floor Sheathing (AC367), dated October 2020.

7.0 IDENTIFICATION

7.1 Product labeling shall include, the name of the report holder or listee, and the ICC-ES mark of conformity. The listing or evaluation report number (ICC-ES ESR-4634) may be used in lieu of the mark of conformity.

Each EXACOR™ Sheathing panel shall be identified by a stamp or label on the board bearing the name of the report holder (Huber Engineered Woods, LLC), identification of the manufacturing facility, production date or lot number, the product name (EXACOR™) and the evaluation report number (ESR-4634).

7.2 The report holder’s contact information is the following:

HUBER ENGINEERED WOODS, LLC
10925 DAVID TAYLOR DRIVE, SUITE 300
CHARLOTTE, NORTH CAROLINA 28262
(800) 933-9220
www.huberwood.com

### TABLE 1—ALLOWABLE UNIFORM TRANSVERSE LOADS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>EXACOR™ 3/4 Inch Sheathing Panel²</th>
<th>Allowable Uniform Load (supports spaced 24 inches o.c. max.)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>96 (psf)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For SI: 1 psf = 47.88 Pa

¹Load is applicable for Panel Parallel or Perpendicular to Supports. Minimum 2 spans.

²Load values are based on L/360 deflection limits with maximum load controlled by bending and shear capacity. Table does not consider the influence of joists on deflection.

### TABLE 2—DIAPHRAGM DESIGN CAPACITIES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Diaphragm Assembly Construction</th>
<th>Lateral Load Application Direction</th>
<th>ASD capacity (lbf/ft)</th>
<th>LRFD capacity (lbf/ft)</th>
<th>Gₚ (Apparent Shear Modulus, lb/in.)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>As described in Section 4.2.2*</td>
<td>Parallel to Framing</td>
<td>363</td>
<td>579</td>
<td>10,512</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Perpendicular to Framing</td>
<td>321</td>
<td>512</td>
<td>4,724</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For SI: 1 in = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf/ft = 14.6 N/m and 1 lb/in = 0.18 N/mm.

*The sheathing panels located at the ends of diaphragm assemblies where loading will occur perpendicular to framing, must be a minimum of 24 inches wide.

![Figure 1: Sheathing Orientation for Force Applied Parallel to Joists](image1)

![Figure 2: Sheathing Orientation for Force Applied Perpendicular to Joists](image2)
1.0 REPORT PURPOSE AND SCOPE

Purpose:
The purpose of this evaluation report supplement is to indicate that EXACOR™ Nominal ¾-inch (20mm) thick magnesium oxide sheathing panels, described in ICC-ES evaluation report ESR-4634, have also been evaluated for compliance with the codes noted below as adopted by the Los Angeles Department of Building and Safety (LADBS).

Applicable code editions:
- 2020 City of Los Angeles Building Code (LABC)
- 2020 City of Los Angeles Residential Code (LARC)

2.0 CONCLUSIONS

EXACOR™ Nominal ¾-inch (20mm) thick magnesium oxide sheathing panels described in Sections 2.0 through 7.0 of the evaluation report ESR-4634, comply with the LABC 8 and 23 and the LARC, Chapter 5, and are subject to the conditions of use described in this supplement.

3.0 CONDITIONS OF USE

EXACOR™ Nominal ¾-inch (20mm) thick magnesium oxide sheathing panels described in this evaluation report supplement must comply with all of the following conditions:

- All applicable sections in the evaluation report ESR-4634.
- The design, installation, conditions of use and identification of the panels are in accordance with the 2018 International Building Code® (IBC) provisions noted in the evaluation report ESR-4634.
- The design, installation and inspection are in accordance with additional requirements of LABC Chapters 16, 17 and 23, or LARC Chapter 5, as applicable.

This supplement expires concurrently with the evaluation report, issued April 2021 and revised October 2021.
1.0 REPORT PURPOSE AND SCOPE

Purpose:
The purpose of this evaluation report supplement is to indicate that EXACOR™ Nominal ¾-inch (20 mm) thick magnesium oxide sheathing panels, described in ICC-ES evaluation report ESR-4634, have also been evaluated for compliance with the codes noted below.

Applicable code editions:
- 2019 California Building Code (CBC)
  For evaluation of applicable chapters adopted by the California Office of Statewide Health Planning and Development (OSHPD) and Division of State Architect (DSA), see Sections 2.1.1 and 2.1.2 below.
- 2019 California Residential Code (CRC)

2.0 CONCLUSIONS

2.1 CBC:
The EXACOR™ Nominal ¾-inch (20 mm) thick magnesium oxide sheathing panels described in Sections 2.0 through 7.0 of the evaluation report ESR-4634, comply with 2019 CBC Chapters 8 and 23 provided the design and installation are in accordance with the 2018 International Building Code® (IBC) provisions noted in the evaluation report and the additional requirements of 2019 CBC Chapters 16, 17 and 23 as applicable.

2.1.1 OSHPD: The applicable OSHPD Sections of the CBC are beyond the scope of this supplement.

2.1.2 DSA: The applicable DSA Sections of the CBC are beyond the scope of this supplement.

2.2 CRC:
The EXACOR™ Nominal ¾-inch (20 mm) thick magnesium oxide sheathing panels described in Sections 2.0 through 7.0 of the evaluation report ESR-4634, comply with 2019 CRC Chapter 5, provided the design and installation are in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code® (IRC) provisions noted in the evaluation report and the additional requirements of CRC Chapter 5.

This supplement expires concurrently with the evaluation report, issued April 2021 and revised October 2021.
DIVISION: 06 00 00—Wood, Plastics and Composites  
Section: 06 16 00—Sheathing  
Section: 06 16 23—Subflooring  

DIVISION: 09 00 00—Finishes  
Section: 09 28 15—Magnesium Oxide Backing Panels  

REPORT HOLDER:  
HUBER ENGINEERED WOODS, LLC  

EVALUATION SUBJECT:  
EXACOR™ NOMINAL ¾-INCH (20 MM) THICK MAGNESIUM OXIDE SHEATHING PANELS  

1.0 REPORT PURPOSE AND SCOPE  
Purpose:  
The purpose of this evaluation report supplement is to indicate that EXACOR™ ¾-inch thick Sheathing Panels, described in ICC-ES evaluation report ESR-4634, have also been evaluated for compliance with the codes noted below. 

Applicable code editions:  
■ 2020 Florida Building Code—Building  
■ 2020 Florida Building Code—Residential  

2.0 CONCLUSIONS  
The EXACOR Nominal ¾-inch thick sheathing panels, described in Sections 2.0 through 7.0 of ICC-ES evaluation report ESR-4634, complies with the Florida Building Code—Building or the Florida Building Code—Residential. The design requirements shall be determined in accordance with the Florida Building Code—Building or the Florida Building Code—Residential, as applicable. The installation requirements noted in ICC-ES evaluation report ESR-4634 for the 2018 International Building Code® meet the requirements of the Florida Building Code—Building or the Florida Building Code—Residential, as applicable.  

Use of the EXACOR™ panels for compliance with the High-Velocity Hurricane Zone provisions of the Florida Building Code—Building or the Florida Building Code—Residential has not been evaluated and is outside the scope of this supplemental report.  

For products falling under Florida Rule 61G20-3, verification that the report holder’s quality assurance program is audited by a quality assurance entity approved by the Florida Building Commission for the type of inspections being conducted is the responsibility of an approved validation entity (or the code official when the report holder does not possess an approval by the Commission).  

This supplement expires concurrently with the evaluation report, issued April 2021 and revised October 2021.